# Techno Adhesives Co. SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Section 1. Identification

Product Name: Product Code: Product Type:	Techno Adhesives #155 Spray Foam Adhesive 155 Liquid	
Product Manufacturer:	Techno Adhesives Company 12113 Mosteller Road Cincinnati, OH 45241 (800) 432-0107	
In case of an emergency:	United States: (800) 633-8253 International: (801) 629-0667 – Professional Emergency Response Services, Acct #9137	
Section 2. Hazards Identification		
Emergency Overview		
Appearance/Odor:	Medium thin liquid, light amber color, solvent odor.	
Classification:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID; HIGHLY FLAMMABLE – Category 2, H225 ACUTE TOXICITY; ORAL – Category 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY; INHALATION – Category 4, H332 SKIN IRRITATION; - Category 3, H316 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B, H320 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Narcotic effects] – Category 3, H336 ASPIRATION HAZARD – Category 1, H304 ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY - Category 1, H400 CHRONIC AQUATIC TOXICITY - Category 2, H411	
Signal word :	WARNING	
Hazard statements :	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H302: Harmful if swallowed.	

- H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway.
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H320: Causes eye irritation.
- H332: Harmful if inhaled.
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H373: May cause damage to organs (central nervous system (CNS)) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Section 2. Hazards Identification

### Hazard pictograms :



Due e e utien e mu et e te me e mte	• • • •	
Prevention :	<ul> <li>P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.</li> <li>P233: Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P240: Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.</li> <li>P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242: Use only non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P261: Avoid breathing fumes/vapors.</li> <li>P264: Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P273: Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P280: Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves.</li> <li>P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.</li> </ul>	
Response :	<ul> <li>P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.</li> <li>P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P330: Rinse mouth.</li> <li>P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>P332 + P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.</li> <li>P337 +P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.</li> <li>P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.</li> <li>P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).</li> <li>P391: Collect spillage.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>P332 + P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/a</li> <li>P337 +P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.</li> <li>P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse</li> <li>P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam, or chemical or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).</li> </ul>	se.

	Section 2. Hazards Identification
Storage :	P405: Store locked up P403 + P235: Store in well ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal :	P501: Disposal of contents/container to be specified in accordance with regulations.
GHS label elements	
General :	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
OSHA/HCS status :	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Hazards not otherwise classified:

None known.

# Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance/Mixture:

Mixture

Other means of identification : <u>CAS Number/Other Identifiers</u> CAS Number :

Techno Adhesives #155 Spray Foam Adhesive

### Not applicable.

Component	%	CAS Number
Acetone	34	67-64-1
Petroleum Distillate (low boiling point naphtha (petroleum))	24	64741-84-0

### Component information for Petroleum Distillate (CAS 64741-84-0)

Component	%	CAS Number
Petroleum Distillate (low boiling point naphtha)	100	64741-84-0
N-hexane	15-40	110-54-3
Hexane (and isomers)	15-40	*
Heptane	10-30	142-82-5
Methylcyclopentane	10-30	96-37-7
Cyclohexane	1-5	110-82-7

\*=Various

Any concentration shown as a range is due to batch variation in the petroleum source used.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First Aid Measures

#### **Description of Necessary First Aid Measures**

- Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and Eye Contact: lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing Skin Contact: and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for Inhalation: breathing. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air Ingestion: and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute And Delayed Potential Acute Health Effects Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation. Vapors that are inhaled may be irritating and CNS-depressant. Symptoms may Inhalation:
- include: nausea, headaches, dizziness, vertigo, unconsciousness to coma and death upon extended and severe exposure.
- **Skin Contact:** May causes skin irritation. Prolonged contact may lead to dryness of skin and dermatitis.

Ingestion: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

### Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, If Necessary

Notes to Physician:Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialistimmediately if large quantities have been ingested or<br/>inhaled.

Specific Treatments: No specific treatment.

### Section 4. First Aid Measures

**Protection of First Responders:** 

No action taken shall be taken involving any personal risk without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section	5. Fire Fighting Measures
Lower Explosive Limit (LEL)	1.1% (V)
Upper Explosive Limit (UEL)	13.0% (V)
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ).
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	Do not use a solid water stream on flames as it may scatter and spread fire. Water stream may be used on fire exposed containers to keep them cool.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	All 5 gallon pails and larger containers should be grounded when transferred. Material is volatile and gives off vapors which may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, flames, sparks, heaters, electric motors, smoking and static discharge at locations far from the material. DO NOT USE WELDING OR CUTTING TORCH ON DRUMS EVEN WHEN EMPTY.
Product of Combustion:	Decomposition products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.
Protection of Firefighters:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-emergency Personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures For Emergency Responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel". **Environmental Precautions:** Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). **Methods for Containment** Small Spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert absorbent material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Wash the spill area clean with water and detergent, observing environmental requirements. DO NOT USE OXIDISABLE MATERIALS TO SOAK-UP SPILLS! Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Large Spill: Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with inert, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Wash the spill area clean with water and detergent, observing environmental requirements. DO NOT USE OXIDISABLE MATERIALS TO SOAK-UP SPILLS! Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Techno Adhesives #155 Spray Foam Adhesive

# Section 7. Handling and Storage

Protective Measures:Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section<br/>8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.<br/>Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or<br/>an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept<br/>tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product<br/>residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.General Occupational Hygiene:Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas<br/>where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers<br/>should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and<br/>smoking.

### Section 7. Handling and Storage

General Occupational Hygiene (cont.):

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Safe Storage Conditions: Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flame. Store in accordance with local regulations. The storage area should comply with NFPA 30 "Flammable and Combustible Liquid Code". Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. This product should only be stored and handled in areas with intrinsically safe electrical classification.

### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### Occupational Exposure Limits:

List	Components	CAS-No.	Туре	Value
OSHA Z1	Acetone	67-64-1	PEL	1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Naphtha; low boiling point	64741-84-0	PEL	100 ppm 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	N-hexane	110-54-3	PEL	500 ppm 1,800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Cyclohexane	110-82-7	PEL	300 ppm 1,050 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Heptane (and isomers)	142-82-5	PEL	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ACGIH	Acetone	67-64-1	TWA	500 ppm
		67-64-1	STEL	750 ppm
	Naphtha; low boiling point	64741-84-0	TWA	400 ppm
	N-hexane	110-54-3	TWA	50 ppm
	Hexane, and other isomers	-	TWA	500 ppm
		-	STEL	1000 ppm
	Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	TWA	500 ppm
	Cyclohexane	110-82-7	TWA	100 ppm
	Heptane	142-82-5	TWA	400 ppm
		142-82-5	STEL	500 ppm

**Engineering Controls:** 

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

# Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Environmental Exposure Controls:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual Protection Measures	
Hygiene Measures:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/Face Protection:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin Protection	
Hand Protection:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemical-resistant gloves.
Body Protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

# Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Other Skin Protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory Protection:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State:
Color:
Odor:
pH:
Melting Point:
Boiling Point:
Specific Gravity:
Solubility in Water
Evaporation Rate:
VOC Content:
Vapor Pressure:
Vapor Density (AIR = 1):

Liquid.
Light amber.
Characteristic solvent odor.
Not Available.
Not Applicable.
150°F
.81 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
0.2 %
6.6 (Butyl Acetate = 1)
292 g/l (less water and exempt compounds)
153 mm
3.3

# Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:	No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical Stability:	Stable.
Conditions to Avoid:	No specific data.
Incompatible Materials:	No specific data.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

# Section 11. Toxicological Information

### **Information on Toxicological Effects**

### Acute Toxicity

Component	CAS No	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	67-64-1	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3,000 mg/kg	-
Acetone	67-64-1	LC50	Mouse	44000 mg/m3	4 h
N-hexane	110-54-3	LD50 Oral	Rat	25,000 mg/kg	-
	110-54-3	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2,000 mg/kg	-
	110-54-3	LC50	Rat	171.6 mg/l	4 h
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2,001 mg/kg	
	110-82-7	LC50	Rat	14 mg/l	4 h
Heptane	142-82-5	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,001 mg/kg	
	142-82-5	LC50	Rat	103 mg/l	4 h

### Sensitization

Component	CAS No	Test	Species	Result	Exposure
N-hexane	110-54-3	Skin		Irritation	-
	110-54-3	Eye		Mild irritation	-
	108-88-3	Eye		Mild irritation	-
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Skin		Irritation	-
	110-82-7	Eye		Mild irritation	-
Heptane	142-82-5	Skin		Irritation (prolonged skin contact may produce dermatitis due to degreasing properties of compound)	-
	142-82-5	Eye		Mild irritation	-

# Carcinogenity

Reproductive Toxicity

Teratogenicity

: Not available

: Not available

: Not available

# Section 11. Toxicological Information

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure)

Component	Category	Route of exposure	Target Organs
n-hexane	3	Not applicable	Narcotic effects
Hexane, other isomers	3	Not applicable	Narcotic effects
Heptane	3	Not applicable	Narcotic effects
Methylcyclopentane	3	Not applicable	Narcotic effects
Cyclohexane	3	Not applicable	Narcotic effects

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure)** : Central nervous system (CNS).

### Aspiration Hazard

Component	Result
n-hexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD – Category 1
Hexane, other isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD – Category 1
Heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD – Category 1
Methylcyclopentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD – Category 1
Cyclohexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD – Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation

# Section 12. Ecological Information

### **Ecotoxicity**

Component	CAS No	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	67-64-1	LC50 Fish	Fathead Minnow	7,500 mg/l	96 h
	67-64-1	EC50	Water Flea	0.1 mg/l	Any hrs
N-hexane	110-54-3	LC50 Fish	Fathead minnow	2.5 mg/l	96 h
	110-54-3	EC50	Water Flea	2.1 mg/l	24 h
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	EC50	Water Flea	0.9 mg/l	48 h
Heptane	142-82-5	LC50 Fish	Goldfish	4 mg/l	24 h
	142-82-5	EC50	Water Flea	1.5 mg/l	48 h

### Section 12. Ecological Information

### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Component	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
n-hexane	4	501.187	High
Heptane	4.66	552	High
Methylcyclopentane	3.37	-	Low
Cyclohexane	3.44	167	Low

### Mobility in Soil

Soil/water Partition Coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) Other Adverse Effects : Not available.

: No known significant effects of critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

**Other Adverse Effects** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport Information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN Number	1133	1133	1133
UN Proper Shipping Name	ADHESIVES,	ADHESIVES,	ADHESIVES,
	containing flammable	containing flammable	containing flammable
	liquid	liquid	liquid
Transport Hazard Classes	3	3	3
Packing Group	II	II	I
Environmental Hazards	YES	YES	YES
Additional Information	-	-	-

### Section 14. Transport Information

**Special Precautions for User** 

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Section 15. Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazards	: Flammable liquid Mild skin irritant Mild skin irritant
U.S. Federal Regulations	: United States Inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
DSL Status	: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL list.
SARA 311/312 Hazards	: Fire hazard Acute health hazard
SARA III	US EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.65 – Supplier Notification Required
Components	CAS-No.
Cyclohexane	110-82-7
N-hexane	110-54-3

### Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

US Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law (34 Pa. Code Chap. 301-323)

Components	CAS-No.
Heptane [and isomers]	142-82-5
Pentane	109-66-0
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7
N-hexane	110-54-3
Cyclohexane	110-82-7

### Massachusetts Right To Know Components

US Massachusetts Commonwealth's Right-to-Know Law (Appendix A to 105 Code of Massachusetts Regulations Section 670.000)

Components	CAS-No.
Heptane [and isomers]	142-82-5
Pentane	109-66-0
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7
N-hexane	110-54-3
Cyclohexane	110-82-7
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### Section 15. Regulatory Information

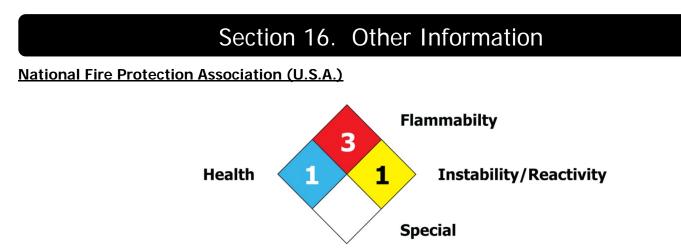
### New Jersey Right To Know Components

US New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act (New Jersey Statute Annotated Section 34:5A-5)

Components	CAS-No.
Heptane [and isomers]	142-82-5
Pentane	109-66-0
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7
N-hexane	110-54-3
Cyclohexane	110-82-7

Label for Supply





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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

# Section 16. Other Information

#### <u>History</u>

Date of printing	: 12/19/16
Date of issue/Date of Revision	: 12/19/16
Date of previous issue	: 1/15/16
References	: Not available

### Abbreviations and Acronyms

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DOT: US Department of Transportation GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System IARC: International Agency For Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods NFPA: National Fire Protection Association NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Toxicology Program OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act VOC: Volatile Organic Compound

### **Disclaimer**

The information herein is believed to be accurate and is presented in good faith; however, no warranties or representations are made by Techno Adhesives Co. regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information. Techno Adhesives Co. shall not be liable for any damages resulting from the handling, or from the contact with the above product.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.