Tensorgrip

SAFETY DATA SHEET Tensorgrip F50 Low VOC Spray Contact Adhesive

1. Identification	
Product identifier	
Product name	Tensorgrip F50 Low VOC Spray Contact Adhesive
Product number	USA
Recommended use of the ch	emical and restrictions on use
Application	Canister Spray Adhesive
Details of the supplier of the	safety data sheet
Supplier	Quin Global 5710 F St (402) 731 3636 (402) 731 1473 marketing.us@quin-global.com
Emergency telephone number	er
Emergency telephone	Chemtrec: 1 800 424 9300 (Mon - Fri) 09:00 - 16:00
2. Hazard(s) identification	
Classification of the substand	ce or mixture
Physical hazards	Aerosol 2 - H223, H229 Press. Gas, Compressed - H280
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Repr. 2 - H361f STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412
Human health	The liquid may be irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting.
Label elements	
Pictogram	
Signal word	Warning

Hazard statements	 H223 Flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H302+H312+H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P260 Do not breathe vapor/spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312 Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Contains	Methyl Acetate, n-Hexane

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients		
Substances		
Mixtures		
Methyl Acetate		30-60%
CAS number: 79-20-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2119459211-47-XXXX	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		

n-Hexane	5-10%
CAS number: 110-54-3	
M factor (Acute) = 1	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	
Acute Tox. 4 - H312	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
Repr. 2 - H361f	
STOT SE 3 - H336	
STOT RE 2 - H373	
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	

The Full Text for all Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures General information Remove affected person from source of contamination. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Skin Contact Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Only remove contact lenses if the person is conscious, coherent and they can remove them themselves If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed General information High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Inhalation Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Coughing. Headache. Ingestion Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhea. Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. Eye contact Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation and redness, followed by blurred vision.

5.Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from the	he substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above 50°C/120°F Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Aldehydes. Hydrocarbons Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
6. Accidental release measure	8
Personal precautions, protection	ve equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	For personal protection, see Section 8. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non- combustible material.
Methods and material for conta	ainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Stop leak if possible without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	
Usage precautions	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Container must be kept tightly closed when not in use. Use explosion proof electric equipment. Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the original container. Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above 50°C/120°F
Specific end uses(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

8. Exposure Controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Methyl Acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 250 ppm Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 200 ppm 610 mg/m³

n-Hexane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 50 ppm Ceiling Value: OSHA_TRANS 500 ppm 1800 mg/m3 Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 50 ppm 180 mg/m³ Sk

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Sk = Danger of cutaneous absorption. OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	This product must not be handled in a confined space without adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist.
Eye/face protection	Wear chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	Use protective gloves.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapor contact.
Hygiene measures	DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. If exposure levels are likely to be exceeded, use a full face mask fitted with an organic AXP3 filter for short term low level exposures. For long term or high level exposures, compressed airline breathing apparatus should be used.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Color	Clear. Red.
Odor	Organic solvents.
Flash point	~ -26°C/-15°F Not specified.

Upper/lower flamr explosive limits	mability or	Lower fla	mmable/explosive limit: 3.4 g/100 g Upper flammable/explosive limit: 18 g/100 g
Relative density	-	~ .928	
Solubility(ies)	I	Negligibly soluble in water	
Volatile organic co	ompound	This prod	duct contains a maximum VOC content of 80 g/l.
10. Stability and re	eactivity		
Stability	S	Stable at	normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
Conditions to avo			at, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: agents. Reducing agents.
Hazardous decon products	-		tes: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). bons. Aldehydes.
11. Toxicological	information		
Information on tox	xicological effe	cts	
Acute toxicity - or	_		20047
ATE oral (mg/kg)		836.3022	20017
Acute toxicity - de ATE dermal (mg/ł		1,839.864	485356
Acute toxicity - inh	halation		
ATE inhalation (va	apours mg/l)	18.39864	1854
Toxicological info	rmation on ingr	edients.	
			Methyl Acetate
Acut	te toxicity - oral		
Acut mg/k	te toxicity oral (kg)	LD50	5,000.0
Spec	cies		Rat
ATE	oral (mg/kg)		500.0
Acut	te toxicity - deri	mal	
Acut mg/k	te toxicity derm kg)	al (LD₅₀	2,000.0
Spec	cies		Rat
ATE	dermal (mg/kg	J)	1,100
Acut	te toxicity - inha	alation	
	te toxicity inhal ∞ vapours mg/l)		49.28
Spec	cies		Rat
ATE mg/lj	inhalation (vap)	oours	11.0

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n-Hexane		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	25,000.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,000.0	
Species	Rabbit	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,100	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ vapours mg/l)	171.6	
Species	Rat	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	11.0	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Suspected of damaging fertility.	
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	
Target organs	Central nervous system	
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Target organs	Central nervous system	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.	
General information	After absorption. Tiredness. Narcosis. After long term exposure to the chemical: CNS disorders, paralysis symptoms. (It generally applies to aliphatic hydrocarbons with 6 - 18 carbon atoms that they cause pneumonia, in some cases also pulmonary edema, upon direct inhalation, i.e. in conditions that can occur only in very special circumstances (nebulizations, spraying, inhalation of aerosols and similar.)) Absorbtion of large quantities may cause: Narcosis. Possible risk of adverse reproductive effects.	
Inhalation	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Vapors irritate the respiratory system.	

Ingestion	Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.
Skin Contact	The product is irritating to eyes and skin.
Eye contact	Risk of corneal clouding.
Route of entry	Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target Organs	Eyes Skin Respiratory system, lungs Central nervous system Peripheral nervous system
12. Ecological Information	
13. Disposal considerations	
Waste treatment methods	
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
14. Transport information	
Air transport notes	Cargo aircraft only. <75kg
UN Number	
UN No. (DOT)	3501
UN No. (ICAO)	3501
UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name (DOT)	3501 - Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S. (Methyl Acetate, Hexane)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT hazard class	2.1
Transport labels	
Packing group	
Not applicable.	
Special precautions for user	
15. Regulatory information	
International Regulations	
Inventories	
US - TSCA Present	
16. Other information	

Revision date	5/14/2015
Revision	1
Supersedes date	8/11/2014
SDS No.	20412
Hazard statements in full	 H223 Flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
ACA HMIS Health rating.	Slight hazard. (1)
ACA HMIS Physical hazard rating.	Normally stable. (0)
ACA HMIS Personal protection rating.	В
ACA HMIS Flammability rating.	Ignites easily. (3)

The information in this Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. The manufacturer MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of this product, many of which are solely within the user's knowledge and control, the user is responsible for determining whether the manufacturer of this product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for users' method of use or application. It is essential that the user evaluate this product, not the manufacturer, to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for users' method of use or application.